

SEARCH FOR ROADS FOR FIRE-CRAZED HORSES

One Hundred From Benning Track Fire At Large—Loss \$35,000.

(Continued from First Page.)
 faces, who were trapped by flames while in one of the stables and burned about the head, limbs, and body, had but a slight chance for recovery. Williams was conscious today, but his condition was critical. John Smith, colored, employed as a stable boy, was also reported in a serious condition from burns about the face and body.

Among the losers in last night's fire were Perry Belmont and Thomas Fortune Ryan, who lost considerable equipment was consumed. Neither of them lost any horses. The heaviest loss was George Day, five of whose horses valued at \$2,000, were reported to death. Day's horses were Cuy, a horse which ran at Bowie yesterday; Tale Carrier, Frog, Joe Diebold, and an exercising pony.

Lost \$500 in Bills.
 Five hundred dollars in paper currency, belonging to Burley Morton, colored, head of the Day stable, went up in the smoke. After the fire had been gotten under control Morton took up a violin over the smoldering ruins. This morning he raked the ashes in an effort to find his wallet containing \$500, a gold watch, several pieces of jewelry, and three diamond rings. He found the diamonds unharmed, but his money and watch and the gold jewelry had been melted into a shapeless nugget.

Representatives of the B. F. Carman stable said today to walk to the two horses except Topography and three exercising ponies had been saved. The Carman stable was directly across the street from the Day stable, and was saved by a bucket brigade.

Bailey Seeks Horses.
 Three horses belonging to M. J. Bailey are still at large. They are Charles F. Granger, Breaker, and Joe Wells. It is positively known that these three horses were not burned because stable boys were certain of having driven the animals away shortly after the fire started.

Among the other horses lost in the fire were Mrs. Jack, owned by Mrs. Swan; Pride of Greenway, Dr. Sullivan and Lillian Krippe, owned by C. J. Crawford; Rolling Stone, owned by C. J. Smithson, and a number of other animals familiar to race followers in the East.

Two horses were shot because they had broken their legs and were in great agony. Among them was Good Day, a horse which attempted to run across the Pennsylvania railroad tracks, falling through the ties and hanging suspended until dispatched by a policeman. The other was Miss Clara, owned by Louis Welles of Chicago.

Spectacular Fire.
 While some of the horses were being conditioned for participation in the race meet at Bowie, most of them had just completed training for competition in the tracks at Jones, Meigs, and Haysan. Cuba, cars for their transport, in ton having been left on the railroad tracks near the Benning track last night. Practically all the animals saved and captured in today's run up will be shipped to the northern tracks today or tomorrow.

The race track fire was one of the most spectacular in Washington in a long time. The hay and dry timber made easy prey for the flames, which, fanned by a stiff wind, swept rapidly over all the buildings in their path. The flames leaped high into the air, forming glaring scarlet columns and illuminating the scene with a brilliant glow. Thousands of persons, believing the fire to be in the vicinity of North Capitol street, started from Pennsylvania avenue to watch the spectacle. Realizing the destructiveness of the columns of flames after walking to North Capitol street, they would be spectators boarded cars which ran to the track until the electric wires were burned down. Hundreds of automobiles motored to the track to witness the fire, and the police had a serious problem on their hands relieving the congestion.

Family Is Driven From Home By Fire in Store

While most of the fire companies in the northeast part of the city were at the Benning fire, ablaze was discovered in the store of Wallace Monier, 712 Fifty-first street northeast, in the Capitol Heights subdivision.

Monier, with his family, lived over the store, which is in a two-story frame building, and they were driven out by the flames. An alarm was responded by a motor engine company, No. 16, which had taken a position in No. 3 engine house, and the fire was extinguished with a loss of about \$200 to building and contents.

Georgetown's Medical Graduates Are At Top

Graduates of the Georgetown University School of Medicine have established for themselves a 100 per cent record in the examinations before the District Medical Licensing Board.

Eight men answered before the board in July and four in October and all passed. In the examinations for the United States Army and Navy Medical Service five competed and five received appointments. The American Medical Association has given Georgetown Medical School Class "A" rating and the entrance requirements of two years entitles the graduates to recognition in any of the States of the Union.

Realty Transfers

Kenilworth—William R. Jackson et ux. to Alice M. Andrews, lot 10, square 3157, \$10 (stamp 10 cents).
 Mt. Pleasant and Pleasant Plains—Horace G. Smith et ux. to Thomas E. Chick, lot 28, block 4, square 31, \$10 (stamp 10 cents).
 Elliott Terrace—Robert F. Newell, et ux. to Olaf R. Peterson, lot 8, block 1, \$10 (stamp 10 cents).
 Twenty-third street and Wyoming avenue northwest—Caroline DeB. L. Bright to Mary S. Goff, part lot 1, block 30, Kalorama Heights, lot 11, \$10 (stamp 10 cents).
 Chevy Chase Grove—Pulton R. Jordan et ux. to New L. Davis, lot 3, square 260, \$12.50.
 Clark Mills Estate—John Becker et ux. to E. S. Simonds, lot 38, square 319 (stamp 40 cents).

SPEAKERS AGGRAVED BY FISCAL INQUIRY

Organic Act's Foes Take Final Fling At Half-and-Half Principal.

(Continued from First Page.)
 Bible down there for twenty years," said Mr. Worthington.

This afternoon will mark the closing argument of the citizens' committee when A. S. Worthington will take the stand again. Commissioner Brownlow, who has not asked for any specific time, also will have something to say this afternoon.

Another allegation by Mr. Trundle which started an argument was his statement that the Federation of Citizens' Associations met ten days after the citizens' committee had appeared at the hearing. As representatives of that body and declined to endorse the half-and-half plan.

Mr. Johnson made an argument for the single tax and said the real fight would come when this question was taken up before the House and Senate.

Capitol Turned Around.
 Mr. Johnson said one effect of real estate speculation had been to turn the Capitol around, and to send the city to the northwest, instead of developing the eastern part of it.

"As I understand history," said Mr. Cooper, "the District was created to insure the safety of Congress. That was a matter of high public policy. Is there any way this safety could be insured and give the people self-government here as you seem to advocate?"

Mr. Johnson said that a great reading of the speeches of Madison, whose arguments before President Washington he compared with his own appearance before the joint committee, would show that the Congressmen of that day did not trust the people as they do now.

"Make this a State, and make it as free as any other State," was his closing plea.

Toward the close of his argument Mr. Johnson said that many of the said statutes of Maryland were still in existing codes. Mr. Worthington interrupted the speaker, saying that there were no such statutes unless they were put back by special legislation. The first section of the present code expressly forbids them.

The French revolution was touched upon when Mr. Kehoe declared that the French revolution was the cause of the French revolution.

"The people took their axes and cut off the heads of those single taxers," said Mr. Kehoe.

"Then they were slave axers," remarked Senator Chilton. Chilton had debated for several minutes on the financial condition of France after Napoleon's death.

"That arrangement is a financial team of an elephant and a goat. The elephant is Uncle Sam and the goat is Billy, D. C. The driver of that team is Herbert J. Brownie. He drives it up to the Treasury Department, and there the elephant helps himself, but the goat is left to starve."

William J. Kehoe attacked the single tax theory. He said it would be a moral illness with a physical remedy. He illustrated that shortcoming by alluding from a speech by W. J. Bryan on "Immortality," in which he charged the former Secretary of State with understanding the potentialities of the grain of wheat he found buried with an Egyptian mummy.

Chased Out of Dublin.
 "Mr. Brownie said his ancestors were chased out of London by Cromwell," said Mr. Kehoe. "Well, mine were chased out of Dublin by single tax landlords. It now looks as if I am about to be chased out of the District."

"If Mr. George's 'Progress and Poverty' had been read here, it would have had all the information on single tax theory these gentlemen have given you. They have not set forth a single logical idea never was taxed justly at a rate greater than 1 per cent. He said that when the single taxers talk about unearned increments they forget the element of time. It is compared value increases that came in lapses of time to interest rates on money."

"Do you think the Government has a right to regulate interest rates?" inquired Congressman Cooper.

It in it to get its benefits." The speaker then attacked Colonel Bryan's grain of wheat calculations, reading the portion of the lecture on "Immortality," which stated that, in 3,000 years, the grain might have produced enough wheat to feed the world. The speaker said that the tendency also exhibited in single taxers' minds to ignore mathematics. It would only have required twelve years to do what Mr. Bryan allowed 3,000 years for.

Mr. Kehoe said the single tax theories were not new. He referred to a document Tom L. Johnson had sent broadcast when he was a member of Congress "to educate the people."

"And the people are not educated yet," he said.

At least you don't seem to be," laughed Senator Works.

EDUCATION BOARD BARS COLOR LINE

Issue Raised By Effort to Notify White Teachers of Coming Suffrage Convention.

Prompt "sidetracking" of a resolution to notify white teachers of the coming school of colored suffrage convention followed a protest by colored members of the Board of Education who alleged the resolution raises a "color line issue."

The question came up at the meeting of the board in the Franklin School building yesterday, when a letter from Miss Edith C. Blair, chairman of the teachers' section of the Congressional Union, suggesting that the white teachers in the schools be informed of the coming convention, was read.

Henry P. Blair, chairman, expressed doubt as to the wisdom of passing a resolution granting the teachers a privilege of sending a notification of the convention through the school principals. He explained that it might mean that other organizations might attempt to advertise their meetings in a similar manner; in other words, that such action might establish a bad precedent.

Mrs. Susan Root Rhodes moved that the request of the suffragists be granted. Mrs. Edith Kingman Kern seconded the motion. It was here that Dr. C. W. Childs, a colored member of the board, raised the issue.

Flags on all colored school buildings will be lowered a half mast until tomorrow, said the memory of Booker T. Washington.

The board decided to permit the closing of both day and night schools on Thursday and Friday next, so that teachers may attend the Teachers' Institute. Announcement was made that Mary Washington College, a colored college in the American Revolution, would award a gold medal to the high school pupil who writes the best essay on some revolutionary topic.

"Doesn't this apply to colored teachers as well as white?" he asked. "Surely they are as much interested in suffrage as their white sisters."

"I move that the Congressional Union be given the names of the principals of the schools as they are notified by letter of the convention," suggested Ernest H. Daniel, vice chairman of the board.

Thereupon Dr. Childs suggested that the names of both white and colored principals be furnished to the board. In making this suggestion, the colored member said:

"These short color line drawn in this matter. I hope that this board is not going to discriminate at this late date. The suffragists of the North, and I am informed, have not only not recognize any color line whatever."

William T. Gallier declared that the board, after Mr. Kehoe's declaration, had decided to lower the flag on all colored school buildings, which was passed.

DISTRICT NO FEDERAL AGENCY, IS DECISION

Assistant Comptroller Foree Holds City Is For Many Purposes a Municipality.

"The District is for many purposes, a municipality and not an agency or establishment of the Federal Government," in the view of Assistant Comptroller of the Treasury Foree.

This is the language used by Judge Foree, in a decision today relative to the manner of payment of water bills. The Rev. J. W. Many was examined by the board of trustees appointed by the President upon recommendation of the Attorney General, while the board of trustees of the National Training School for Boys, a Government establishment, is somewhat unique, as the board is controlled by law by a board of trustees appointed by the President upon recommendation of the Attorney General.

LEAVES COVER CITY; "WHITE WINGS" BUSY

Washington Puts On Winter Coat and So Do Most of the Residents.

Washington today put on its winter coat. In this Washington had nothing on the major portion of its residents. Gone are the days of "Indian summer," and the gentle breezes which lately fanned the city are succeeded by piercing winds and the odor of moth balls.

The much-needed days have come, and particularly this true of the street cleaning department. The falling leaves, of which poets love to sing, in J. W. Paxton, superintendent, are only one sentiment to be rid of them as quickly as possible. To this end the machinery of his department is working overtime. The "white wings" and machine sweeping forces gather each day ten thousand macks of leaves, about 1,000 cubic yards.

A portion of this is deposited on various dumps, but little of it is wasted. Mixed with street sweepings, the leaves, when decomposed, make excellent fertilizer.

One-fourth of the collections are sent to the workhouse farm at Occoquan. The remainder is dumped at the following points, from which it may be hauled by farmers or any person desiring to use it for fertilizer: Twenty-first and N streets northwest; Thirtieth street and Potomac; north and east parking of Sixteenth street north; east of the bridge at Spring road; Seventh and E streets northwest; and Seventh and Pennsylvania avenue southeast.

Arrangements may be made also with the street cleaning department for loading cars at the Baltimore and Ohio railroad yards, Thirtieth and Water streets northwest, and Second street and North street northwest, and at the Pennsylvania yard, Fourteenth street and Maryland avenue southwest. The removal of the leaves without extra charge to the District government, the work being done by the regular force of employees.

WOMAN BEGINS FIGHT FOR GRANDDAUGHTER

Appeal Filed By Mrs. Mamie Childs Against Decision in Favor of Father.

An appeal from the decision of Justice McCoy in Equity Court No. 2, today in giving the custody of Elizabeth Mary Leach to her father, was filed by Mrs. Mamie Childs, the grandmother of the five-year-old girl, whose custody was sought by the father in habeas corpus proceedings.

The case ended this morning when Justice McCoy ruled that the father was a proper person to have possession of the child, and that the mother, Hattie Leach, left a will directing the grandmother to have possession of the child. Numerous witnesses testified that the mother, without extra payment, had left the child to the father, and that the mother, in seeking possession of the child, the father set forth objections to the grandmother's custody of the child, which the father had already had his wife, failed to support her and her child, and to provide for the younger. Leach was represented by Attorney Mason N. Hart, and the father by Attorney George A. Macdonald appeared for the grandmother. Upon furnishing a super-affidavit, the father's appeal was denied.

DEAN WILBUR AGAIN NAMED BY BAPTISTS

Re-elected For Third Consecutive Term At Annual Convention of Columbia Body.

Dean W. A. Wilbur, of the department of arts and sciences of the George Washington University, was today re-elected for the third consecutive term as president of the National Association of Baptist Churches, holding its thirty-eighth annual meeting in the Grace Baptist church.

Every Baptist church in the District was represented by clergy and laity at the morning session, which was taken up by the reading of reports of delegates, and election of officers.

The Rev. J. W. Many was re-elected as clerk of the organization. R. A. Royley was re-elected as deputy clerk, and George E. Dunkum as treasurer.

Reception of visitors, reading of reports of committees, reception of new members by the Rev. H. D. Gaw, pastor of the West Washington Church, and the response of the moderator for this afternoon's session will be a song service led by the choir of the Metropolitan Church, this evening at 7:30 o'clock, followed by addresses on the subject of "The Church and the Nation" by several of the prominent clergy of the city.

Tribute Paid to Memory Of Arthur J. Parsons

Resolutions expressing sorrow over the death of Arthur Jeffery Parsons, chief of the department of prints at the Library of Congress, who died November 5, have been adopted by the president's council of George Washington University.

Mr. Parsons was trustee of the Corcoran Gallery of Art, honorary member of the American Institute of Architects, connoisseur in art, a private collector of etchings and rare books, and a founder of the National Federation of Arts.

"The president's council," reads the resolutions, "wishes to express particularly its appreciation of Mr. Parsons' effective endeavors to support the study of architecture at the university by liberal subscriptions to the guarantee fund, by donations to the equipment, and by facilitating the student use of the Library of Congress."

LOCAL AND N. Y. FINANCIAL NEWS

RICHMOND FEDERAL BANK STANDS SECOND

District in Which Washington Is Included Has High Rating in System.

With the twelve Federal reserve banks making profits of \$7,336 for the month of October, the Richmond bank, the institution located in the district in which the District of Columbia is embraced, stood second, with profits of \$15,733.

Gross earnings for all the banks of the system totaled \$221,561. New York showed the greatest gross earnings, \$39,478, while the bond list showed \$100,000. Little activity. Prices were firm. Nine shares of Capital Traction stock sold for \$75. Seven shares of Merchenthaler Land and Electric Company \$4 at 50%, and \$100 Riggs Realty long bonds, which sold, after call, at 100%.

Trading continued light at today's session of the Washington Stock Exchange. The only stock transactions being offered, while the bond list showed \$100,000. Little activity. Prices were firm. Nine shares of Capital Traction stock sold for \$75. Seven shares of Merchenthaler Land and Electric Company \$4 at 50%, and \$100 Riggs Realty long bonds, which sold, after call, at 100%.

Local Bond Market.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.
 U. S. Reg. 2's..... 96 1/2
 U. S. Coupon 2's..... 96 1/2
 U. S. Reg. 3's..... 100 1/2
 U. S. Coupon 3's..... 100 1/2
 U. S. Reg. 4's..... 100 1/2
 U. S. Coupon 4's..... 100 1/2
 D. C. 3 1/2's..... 100 1/2

RAILROAD BONDS.
 Cap. Traction R. R. 5's..... 100 1/2
 City & Suburban R. R. 5's..... 100 1/2
 Metropolitan R. R. 5's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 5's..... 100 1/2
 Potomac Elec. Co. 5's..... 100 1/2
 Potomac Elec. Co. 4's..... 100 1/2
 P. & T. Telephone 5's..... 100 1/2
 W. & W. Steamboat 5's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Market 5's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Market 4's..... 100 1/2
 W. & W. Steamboat 5's..... 100 1/2
 Riggs Realty (long) 5's..... 100 1/2
 Riggs Realty (short) 5's..... 100 1/2

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.
 Capital Traction..... 85 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. com..... 85 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. pfd..... 85 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 5's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 3's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 2's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 1's..... 100 1/2
 Wash. Ry. & Elec. 0's..... 100 1/2

TRUST COMPANY STOCKS.
 Amer. Sec. & Trust..... 250 270
 National Sav. & Trust..... 250 270
 Union Trust..... 250 270
 Wash. Loan & Trust..... 250 270
 Continental Trust..... 250 270
 Fidelity Trust..... 250 270
 Home Savings..... 250 270
 Bank of Com. & Sav..... 250 270
 East Wash. Sav. Bank..... 250 270

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS.
 Corcoran Fire Insurance..... 250 270
 Firemen's Fire Insurance..... 250 270
 German-American Fire Ins..... 250 270
 National Union Fire Ins..... 250 270
 Columbia Trust Insurance..... 250 270
 Chapin Sachs..... 250 270
 D. C. Paper Mfg. Co..... 250 270
 Graphophone common..... 250 270
 Graphophone preferred..... 250 270
 Merch. Trans. & Storage..... 250 270
 Security Storage..... 250 270
 Washington Market..... 250 270

Today's Sales.

Capital Traction 5's..... \$200,000
 Washington Railway 5's..... \$200,000
 Capital Traction 4 1/2's..... \$200,000
 Merchenthaler Linotype..... \$200,000
 Graphophone com..... \$200,000
 After call—Riggs Realty (long) 5's..... \$200,000

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New York Stocks.

All transactions in stocks are on the basis of dollars and fractions thereof. Quotations furnished by W. R. Rizzo & Co., members of New York Stock Exchange, 110 Broadway.

Stock	High	Low	p.m. Close
Alis-Chambers.....	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Alaska Gold.....	25	25 1/4	25 1/4
Am. Beet Sugar.....	95 1/4	94 1/4	94 1/4
American Can.....	61 1/4	61	61 1/4
Am. C. & P.....	51	50 1/2	50 1/2
Am. Coal Products.....	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
Am. Hide & Leather.....	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Am. Ice Sec.....	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Am. Locomotive.....	54 1/4	54 1/4	54 1/4
Am. Lined.....	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Am. Smelting.....	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/4
Am. Sugar & R.....	117 1/4	117 1/4	117 1/4
Am. Tel. & Tel.....	127 1/4	127 1/4	127 1/4
Amer. Woolen.....	35	35	35
Anacostia.....	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
Atchafalaya.....	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
Baldwin Loco. W. Va.....	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4
Bait. & Ohio.....	94 1/4	94 1/4	94 1/4
B. F. Goodrich.....	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
California Petrol.....	22 1/4	22 1/4	22 1/4
Canadian Pacific.....	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
Cons. & Nash.....	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Cons. Copper.....	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Cons. Lumber.....	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Cons. Oil.....	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Chi. & Great West.....	15	15	15
Col. Fuel & Iron.....	54	54	54
Cons. Gas.....	14 1/4	14 1/4	14 1/4
Cons. Products.....	19 1/4	19 1/4	19 1/4
Cons. Steel.....	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
C. R. I. & P. Ry.....	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Cuba C. Copper.....	74 1/4	74 1/4	74 1/4
Cuban-Am. Sugar.....	125 1/4	125 1/4	125 1/4
Dallies Sec.....	47 1/4	47 1/4	47 1/4
East St. L. & W.....	44 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/4
Gen. Electric.....	177 1/2	177 1/2	177 1/2
General Motors.....	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
Gen. Elec. & Mfg.....	125 1/4	125 1/4	125 1/4
Guggenheim Exp.....	79 1/4	79 1/4	79 1/4
Inter. Harvester.....	110 1/4	110 1/4	110 1/4
Great N. Pac.....	44 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/4
Inspir. Con. Cop.....	44 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/4
Kan. City & South.....	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Lackawanna Steel.....	31 1/4	31 1/4	31 1/4
Lehigh Valley.....	32 1/4	32 1/4	32 1/4
Lehigh Valley.....	125 1/4	125 1/4	125 1/4
Maxwell Motors.....	74 1/4	74 1/4	74 1/4
Maxwell Motors.....	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
Mex. Petrol.....	92 1/4	92 1/4	92 1/4
Miami Copper.....	36	36	36
Montana Power.....	62 1/4	62 1/4	62 1/4
National Lead.....	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Nev. Con. Cop.....	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Nat. Enamel.....	31 1/4	31 1/4	31 1/4
N. Y. Central.....	104 1/4	104 1/4	